Senator Thomas V. Hatch proposes the following substitute bill:

1	ELECTRONIC FILING OF PRELIMINARY
2	LIEN DOCUMENTS
3	2004 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5 6	Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill modifies the Mechanics' Lien statute and enacts provisions for on-line filing of
10	notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and notices of completion.
11	Highlighted Provisions:
12	This bill:
13	 addresses preliminary notice requirements;
14	 addresses notice of claim requirements;
15	 requires the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to contract for the
16	creation and maintenance of a construction notice registry;
17	 requires the notice registry to be accessible for filing and reviewing notices of
18	commencement, preliminary notices, and notices of completion;
19	provides for alternative filing;
20	 requires that electronic notification and hard-copy printing of electronic receipts be
21	provided;
22	requires the division to establish by rule the fees for filing;
23	creates requirements for filing notices;
24	requires the assignment to each construction project a unique project number which
25	identifies each construction project;



26	• provides requirements for the content of a notice of commencement;
27	 provides penalties for failure to file notices in a timely manner;
28	 provides penalties for abuse of the construction notice register;
29	provides that the state is not liable;
30	 provides that construction notice does not impart notice for specified purposes;
31	 addresses applicability of sections on the basis of when a construction project is
32	commenced;
33	requires a sunset review by July 1, 2008; and
34	makes technical changes.
35	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
36	None
37	Other Special Clauses:
38	This bill provides a severability clause.
39	This bill provides an effective date.
40	This bill provides a coordination clause.
41	Utah Code Sections Affected:
42	AMENDS:
43	14-1-20 , as enacted by Chapter 271, Laws of Utah 1989
44	14-2-5, as enacted by Chapter 271, Laws of Utah 1989
45	38-1-7, as last amended by Chapter 223, Laws of Utah 1999
46	63-56-38.1, as enacted by Chapter 271, Laws of Utah 1989
47	ENACTS:
48	38-1-30 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
49	38-1-31 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
50	38-1-32 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
51	38-1-33 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	38-1-34 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	38-1-35 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
54	38-1-36 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
55	38-1-37 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
56	63-55-238 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

}	38-1-27, as last amended by Chapter 229, Laws of Utah 2001
)	20 1 27, as fast afficiated by Chapter 225, Eaws of Chair 2001
)	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 14-1-20 is amended to read:
2	14-1-20. Preliminary notice requirement.
	Except [persons who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or except]
	for persons performing labor for wages, any person furnishing labor, service, equipment, or
	material for which a payment bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide
	preliminary notice to the [payment bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by Section
	[38-1-27] <u>38-1-32</u> . Any person who fails to provide this preliminary notice may not make a
	payment bond claim under this chapter. The preliminary notice must be provided prior to
	commencement of any action on the payment bond.
	Section 2. Section 14-2-5 is amended to read:
	14-2-5. Preliminary notice requirement.
	Except [subcontractors who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or
	except] for persons performing labor for wages, any person furnishing labor, service,
	equipment, or material for which a payment bond claim may be made under this chapter shall
	provide preliminary notice to the [payment bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by
	Section [38-1-27] 38-1-32. Any person who fails to provide this preliminary notice may not
	make a payment bond claim under this chapter. The preliminary notice must be provided prior
	to commencement of any action on the payment bond.
	Section 3. Section 38-1-7 is amended to read:
	38-1-7. Notice of claim Contents Recording Service on owner of property.
	(1) [A] Except as modified in Section 38-1-27, a person claiming benefits under this
	chapter shall file for record with the county recorder of the county in which the property, or
	some part of the property, is situated, a written notice to hold and claim a lien within 90 days
	from the date:
	(a) the person last performed labor or service or last furnished equipment or material
	on a project or improvement for a residence as defined in Section 38-11-102; or
	(b) of final completion of an original contract not involving a residence as defined in

88 Section 38-11-102.

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- (2) The notice required by Subsection (1) shall contain a statement setting forth:
- 90 (a) the name of the reputed owner if known or, if not known, the name of the record 91 owner;
 - (b) the name of the person by whom the lien claimant was employed or to whom the lien claimant furnished the equipment or material;
 - (c) the time when the first and last labor or service was performed or the first and last equipment or material was furnished;
 - (d) a description of the property, sufficient for identification;
 - (e) the name, current address, and current phone number of the lien claimant;
 - (f) the signature of the lien claimant or the lien claimant's authorized agent;
 - (g) an acknowledgment or certificate as required under Title 57, Chapter 3, Recording of Documents; and
 - (h) if the lien is on an owner-occupied residence, as defined in Section 38-11-102, a statement describing what steps an owner, as defined in Section 38-11-102, may take to require a lien claimant to remove the lien in accordance with Section 38-11-107.
 - (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an acknowledgment or certificate is not required for any notice filed after April 29, 1985, and before April 24, 1989.
 - (4) (a) Within 30 days after filing the notice of lien, the lien claimant shall deliver or mail by certified mail a copy of the notice of lien to:
 - (i) the reputed owner of the real property; or
 - (ii) the record owner of the real property.
 - (b) If the record owner's current address is not readily available to the lien claimant, the copy of the claim may be mailed to the last-known address of the record owner, using the names and addresses appearing on the last completed real property assessment rolls of the county where the affected property is located.
 - (c) Failure to deliver or mail the notice of lien to the reputed owner or record owner precludes the lien claimant from an award of costs and attorneys' fees against the reputed owner or record owner in an action to enforce the lien.
- 117 (5) The Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing shall make rules 118 governing the form of the statement required under Subsection (2)(h).

119	Section 4. Section 38-1-27 is repealed and reenacted to read:
120	38-1-27. Construction notice registry Form and contents of notice of
121	commencement, preliminary notice, and notice of completion.
122	(1) As used in this section and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-37:
123	(a) "Database" means the Construction Notice Registry Database created in this
124	section.
125	(b) (i) "Designated agent" means the third party the Division of Occupational and
126	Professional Licensing contracts with to create and maintain the Construction Notice Registry
127	<u>Database.</u>
128	(ii) The designated agent is not an agency, instrumentality, or a political subdivision of
129	the state.
130	(c) "Division" means the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing.
131	(d) "Program" means the Construction Notice Registry Database Program created in
132	this section.
133	(2) Subject to receiving adequate funding through a legislative appropriation and
134	contracting with an approved third party vendor who meets the requirements of Sections
135	38-1-30 through 38-1-37, there is created the Construction Notice Registry Database Program
136	which shall:
137	(a) assist in protecting public health, safety, and welfare and promote a fair working
138	environment;
139	(b) be overseen by the division with the assistance of the designated agent;
140	(c) provide a central repository for notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and
141	notices of completion filed in connection with all privately owned construction projects as well
142	as all state and local government owned construction projects throughout Utah;
143	(d) be accessible for filing and review of notices of commencement, preliminary
144	notices, and notices of completion via the program Internet website;
145	(e) accommodate electronic filing of such notices as well as provide for alternate filing
146	by U.S. mail, telefax, telephone, or any other alternate method as provided by rule made by the
147	division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
148	(f) provide electronic notification for up to three e-mail addresses for each interested
149	person or company who requests notice from the construction notice registry as well as provide

150	alternate means of notification for those persons who make alternate filings, including U.S.
151	mail, telefax, or any other method as prescribed by rule made by the division in accordance
152	with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
153	(g) provide hard-copy printing of electronic receipts for individual filings evidencing
154	the date and time of individual filings as well as the content of individual filings.
155	(3) Persons interested in a construction project may request notice of filings related to
156	the project. The database shall be indexed by owner name, original contractor name, project
157	name, project address, parcel number, project number, and any other identifier that the division
158	considers reasonably appropriate and established by rule, made in accordance with Title 63,
159	Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
160	(4) (a) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
161	the division shall establish by rule the filing fees for notices of commencement, preliminary
162	notices, notices of completion, and requests for notice, which fees may not exceed the amount
163	reasonably necessary to create and maintain the database.
164	(b) The fees established by the division may vary by method of filing if one form of
165	filing is more costly than other forms of filing.
166	Section 5. Section 38-1-30 is enacted to read:
167	38-1-30. Third party contract Designated agent.
168	(1) The division shall contract in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 56, Utah
169	Procurement Code, with a third party to establish and maintain the database for the purposes
170	established under this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections 38-1-31 through 38-1-37.
171	(2) (a) The third party under contract under this section is the division's designated
172	agent, and shall develop and maintain a database from the information provided by:
173	(i) local government entities issuing building permits;
174	(ii) original contractors;
175	(iii) subcontractors; and
176	(iv) other interested persons.
177	(b) The division and the designated agent shall design, develop, and test the database
178	for full implementation on May 1, 2005.
179	(3) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
180	division shall make rules and develop procedures for:

181	(a) the division to oversee and enforce this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections
182	38-1-31 through 38-1-37; and
183	(b) the designated agent to administer this section, Section 38-1-27, and Sections
184	38-1-31 through 38-1-37.
185	(4) (a) The designated agent shall archive computer data files at least semiannually for
186	auditing purposes.
187	(b) In accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
188	division shall make rules to allow the designated agent, unless requested otherwise by an
189	interested party for a particular project, to periodically archive and purge completed or inactive
190	projects from the database:
191	(i) no earlier than one year after the day on which a notice of commencement is filed
192	for a particular project; or
193	(ii) if no notice of commencement is filed, no earlier than two years after the last filing
194	activity for a particular project.
195	(c) The division may audit the designated agent's administration of the database as
196	often as the division considers necessary.
197	(5) The designated agent shall carry errors and omissions insurance in the amounts
198	established by rule made by the division in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah
199	Administrative Rulemaking Act.
200	Section 6. Section 38-1-31 is enacted to read:
201	38-1-31. Building permit Construction Notice registry Notice of
202	commencement of work.
203	(1) (a) For a construction project where a building permit is issued, within 15 days after
204	the issuance of the building permit, the local government entity issuing that building permit
205	shall input the data and transmit the building permit information to the database electronically
206	via the Internet or computer modem or by any other means and such information shall form the
207	basis of a notice of commencement.
208	(b) For a construction project where a building permit is not issued, within 15 days
209	after commencement of physical construction work at the project site, the original contractor
210	shall file a notice of commencement with the database.
211	(c) An owner of construction a lender surety or other interested party may file a

212	notice of commencement with the designated agent within the prescribed time set forth in
213	Subsection (1)(a).
214	(d) If duplicate notices of commencement are filed, they shall be combined into one
215	notice for each project. The designated agent shall assign each construction project a unique
216	project number which identifies each construction project and can be associated with all
217	notices of commencement, preliminary notices, and notices of completion.
218	(e) A notice of commencement is effective as to all work, materials, and equipment
219	furnished to the construction project after the filing of the notice of commencement. A notice
220	of commencement is effective only as to the work, materials, or equipment furnished to the
221	construction project that is provided subsequent to the filing of the notice of commencement.
222	(2) The content of a notice of commencement shall include the following if available
223	on a building permit:
224	(a) the name and address of the owner of the project or improvement;
225	(b) the name and address of the:
226	(i) original contractor; and
227	(ii) surety providing any payment bond for the project or improvement, or if none
228	exists, a statement that a payment bond was not required for the work being performed;
229	(c) (i) the project address if the project can be reasonably identified by an address; or
230	(ii) the name and general description of the location of the project if the project cannot
231	be reasonably identified by an address;
232	(d) a general description of the project;
233	(e) the parcel number of the real property upon which the project is to be constructed in
234	the project is subject to mechanics' liens; and
235	(f) a legal description of the property on which the project is located if the project is
236	subject to mechanics' liens.
237	(3) Failure to file any notice of commencement for a construction project suspends the
238	operation of:
239	(a) the preliminary notice provisions of Section 38-1-32; and
240	(b) the notice of completion provisions of Section 38-1-33.
241	(4) Electronic notice of the filing of a notice of commencement or alternate notice as
242	prescribed in Subsection (1), shall be provided to:

243	(a) all persons who have filed notices of commencement for the project; and
244	(b) all interested parties who have requested such notice for the project.
245	(5) The burden is upon any person seeking to enforce the notice of commencement to
246	prove that the notice of commencement is filed timely and meets all of the requirements in this
247	section.
248	(6) At the time a building permit is obtained, each original contractor shall
249	conspicuously post at the project site a copy of each building permit obtained for the project
250	improvement.
251	Section 7. Section 38-1-32 is enacted to read:
252	38-1-32. Preliminary notice Subcontractor or supplier.
253	(1) (a) Within 20 days after commencement of its own work or the commencement of
254	furnishing materials or equipment to a construction project, a subcontractor or supplier shall
255	file a preliminary notice with the construction notice registry. A preliminary notice filed within
256	the 20-day period is effective as to all work, materials, and equipment furnished to the
257	construction project.
258	(b) If a subcontractor or supplier files a preliminary notice after the 20-day period
259	prescribed by Subsection (1)(a), the preliminary notice becomes effective as of the day on
260	which the preliminary notice is filed.
261	(c) Failure to file a preliminary notice within the 20-day period required by Subsection
262	(1)(c) precludes a subcontractor or supplier from filing any claim for compensation earned for
263	performance of work or supply of materials or equipment furnished to the construction project
264	before the expiration of five days after the filing of a preliminary notice, except as against the
265	person with whom the subcontractor or supplier contracted.
266	(d) The preliminary notice must be filed before a notice of lien may be filed with the
267	county recorder pursuant to Section 38-1-7. The content of a preliminary notice shall include
268	the following:
269	(i) the name, address, and telephone number of the person furnishing the labor, service,
270	equipment, or material;
271	(ii) the name and address of the person who contracted with the claimant for the
272	furnishing of the labor, service, equipment, or material;
273	(iii) the name of the record or reputed owner of the project or improvement; and

274	(iv) the address of the project or improvement or a description of the location of the
275	project or improvement.
276	(2) (a) Electronic notification of the filing of a preliminary notice or alternate notice as
277	prescribed in Subsection (1), shall be provided to:
278	(i) the person filing the preliminary notice;
279	(ii) each person that filed a notice of commencement for the project; and
280	(iii) all interested parties who have requested such notice for the project.
281	(b) The burden is upon the person filing the preliminary notice to prove that the
282	preliminary notice is filed timely and substantially meets all of the requirements of this section.
283	(c) Subject to Subsection (2)(d), a person required by this section to give preliminary
284	notice is only required to give one notice for each project or improvement, which may include
285	an entire structure or a scheme of improvements.
286	(d) If the labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished pursuant to contracts under
287	more than one original contract, the notice requirements must be met with respect to the labor,
288	service, equipment, or materials furnished under each original contract. If the labor, service,
289	equipment, or material is furnished pursuant to more than one subcontract under one original
290	contract, the subcontractor or supplier shall identify all persons to whom the labor, service,
291	equipment, or material is furnished who are known at the time the preliminary notice is filed.
292	(3) (a) If a construction project owner, original contractor, subcontractor, or other
293	interested person believes that a preliminary notice has been filed erroneously, that owner,
294	original contractor, subcontractor, or other interested person can request evidence establishing
295	the validity of the preliminary notice.
296	(b) Within ten days after the request described in Subsection (3)(a), the person that
297	filed the preliminary notice shall provide the requesting person proof that the preliminary
298	notice is valid.
299	(c) If the person that filed the preliminary notice cannot provide proof of the validity of
300	the preliminary notice, that person shall immediately remove the preliminary notice from the
301	database.
302	Section 8. Section 38-1-33 is enacted to read:
303	38-1-33. Notice of completion.
304	(1) (a) Upon final completion of a construction project, an owner of a construction

305	project, an original contractor, a lender that has provided financing for the construction project,
306	or surety that has provided bonding for the construction project, may file a notice of completion
307	with the database. Final completion, for purposes of this Subsection (1), shall mean:
308	(i) if as a result of work performed under the original contract a permanent certificate
309	of occupancy is required for such work, the date of issuance of a permanent certificate of
310	occupancy by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project;
311	(ii) if no certificate of occupancy is required by the local government entity having
312	jurisdiction over the construction project, but as a result of the work performed under the
313	original contract an inspection is required for such work, the date of the final inspection for
314	such work by the local government entity having jurisdiction over the construction project; or
315	(iii) if with regard to the work performed under the original contract no certificate of
316	occupancy and no final inspection are required by the local government entity having
317	jurisdiction over the construction project, the date on which there remains no substantial work
318	to be completed to finish such work on the original contract.
319	(b) Notwithstanding Section 38-1-2, where a subcontractor performs substantial work
320	after the applicable dates established by Subsections (1)(a)(i) and (ii), that subcontractor's
321	subcontract shall be considered an original contract for the sole purpose of determining:
322	(i) the subcontractor's time frame to file a notice to hold and claim a lien under
323	Subsection 38-1-7(1); and
324	(ii) the original contractor's time frame to file a notice to hold and claim a lien under
325	Subsection 38-1-7(1) for that subcontractor's work.
326	(c) For purposes of this section, the term "substantial work" does not include:
327	(i) repair work;
328	(ii) warranty work; or
329	(iii) work for which the project owner is not holding payment to ensure completion of
330	that work.
331	(d) (i) Electronic notification of the filing of a notice of completion or alternate notice
332	as prescribed in Subsection (1)(a), shall be provided to:
333	(A) each person that filed a notice of commencement for the project;
334	(B) each person that filed preliminary notice for the project; and
335	(C) all interested parties who have requested notice for the project.

336	(ii) Upon the filing of a notice of completion, the time periods for filing preliminary
337	notices stated in Section 38-1-27 are modified such that all preliminary notices shall be filed
338	subsequent to the notice of completion and shall be filed within ten days from the day on which
339	the notice of completion is filed.
340	(e) A subcontract that is considered an original contract for purposes of this section
341	shall not create a requirement for an additional preliminary notice if a preliminary notice has
342	already been given for materials and labor furnished to the subcontractor who performs
343	substantial work.
344	(2) (a) If a construction project owner, original contractor, subcontractor, or other
345	interested person believes that a notice of completion has been filed erroneously, that owner,
346	original contractor, subcontractor, or other interested person can request evidence establishing
347	the validity of the notice of completion.
348	(b) Within ten days after the request described in Subsection (2)(a), the person that
349	filed the notice of completion shall provide the requesting person proof that the notice of
350	completion is valid.
351	(c) If the person that filed the notice of completion cannot provide proof of the validity
352	of the notice of completion, that person shall immediately remove the notice of completion
353	from the database.
354	Section 9. Section 38-1-34 is enacted to read:
355	38-1-34. Abuse of database Penalty.
356	(1) A person abuses the database if that person records a notice in the database:
357	(a) without a good faith basis for doing so;
358	(b) with the intent to exact more than is due from the project owner or any other
359	interested party; or
360	(c) to procure an unjustified advantage or benefit.
361	(2) A person who violates Subsection (1) is liable to the owner of the construction
362	project, an original contractor, a subcontractor, or any interested party who is affected by the
363	notice for twice the amount of the actual damages incurred by such party or \$2,000, whichever
364	is greater.
365	Section 10. Section 38-1-35 is enacted to read:
366	<u>38-1-35.</u> State not liable.

367	(1) The state and the state's agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions are
368	not liable for any errors in receiving, recording, maintaining, and reporting any notices or
369	information in the database.
370	(2) The designated agent shall:
371	(a) not be entitled to the liability limitations provided by this section; and
372	(b) maintain a liability insurance policy in an amount set by rule.
373	Section 11. Section 38-1-36 is enacted to read:
374	38-1-36. Construction notice does not impart notice.
375	The filing of a document in the database is not intended to give notice to all persons of
376	the content of the document within the meaning of Section 57-3-102 and does not constitute
377	constructive notice of matters relating to real property to purchasers for value and without
378	knowledge.
379	Section 12. Section 38-1-37 is enacted to read:
380	38-1-37. Application of Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-36.
381	(1) For purposes of this section "commenced" means commencement of physical
382	construction work at the project site.
383	(2) (a) Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-36 in effect as of May 1,
384	2005 shall apply to construction projects commenced on or after May 1, 2005.
385	(b) A construction project commenced before May 1, 2005 is subject to the provisions
386	of this chapter in effect prior to May 1, 2005.
387	Section 13. Section 63-55-238 is enacted to read:
388	<u>63-55-238.</u> Repeal dates, Title 38.
389	Section 38-1-27 and Sections 38-1-30 through 38-1-37 are repealed July 1, 2008.
390	Section 14. Section 63-56-38.1 is amended to read:
391	63-56-38.1. Preliminary notice requirement.
392	Except [subcontractors who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or
393	except] for persons performing labor for wages, any person furnishing labor, service,
394	equipment, or material for which a payment bond claim may be made under this chapter shall
395	provide preliminary notice to the [payment bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by
396	Section [38-1-27] <u>38-1-32</u> . Any person who fails to provide this preliminary notice may not
397	make a payment bond claim under this chapter. The preliminary notice must be provided prior

398	to commencement of any action on the payment bond.
399	Section 15. Severability clause.
400	If any provision of this chapter is held invalid or unconstitutional by a court of
401	competent jurisdiction, the invalidity shall not affect the other provisions of this chapter which
402	can be given effect without the invalid or unconstitutional provision.
403	Section 16. Effective date.
404	(1) Except for Section 38-1-30, this bill takes effect on May 1, 2005.
405	(2) If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, Section 38-1-30
406	takes effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of
407	Utah Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a
408	veto, the date of veto override.
409	Section 17. Coordinating H.B. 136 with H.B. 20.
410	It is the intent of the Legislature that if this H.B. 136 and H.B. 20, Construction
411	Bonding Statutes, both pass that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
412	preparing the Utah Code database for publication merge the amendments of these bills as
413	<u>follows:</u>
414	(1) Section 14-1-20, effective May 1, 2005, shall read:
415	"14-1-20. Preliminary notice requirement.
416	[Except persons who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or except
417	for persons performing labor for wages, any]
418	(1) Any person furnishing labor, service, equipment, or material for which a payment
419	bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide preliminary notice to the [payment
420	bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by Section [38-1-27.] 38-1-32, except that this
421	section does not apply:
422	(a) to a person performing labor for wages; or
423	(b) if a notice of commencement is not filed as prescribed in Section 38-1-31 for the
424	project or improvement for which labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished.
425	(2) Any person who fails to provide [this] the preliminary notice required by
426	Subsection (1) may not make a payment bond claim under this chapter.
427	(3) The preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) must be provided prior to
428	commencement of any action on the payment bond."

429	(2) Section 14-2-3, effective May 1, 2003, shan fead:
430	"14-2-5. Preliminary notice requirement.
431	[Except subcontractors who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or
432	except for persons performing labor for wages, any]
433	(1) Any person furnishing labor, service, equipment, or material for which a payment
434	bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide preliminary notice to the [payment
435	bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by Section [38-1-27.] 38-1-32, except that this
436	section does not apply:
437	(a) to a person performing labor for wages; or
438	(b) if a notice of commencement is not filed as prescribed in Section 38-1-31 for the
439	project or improvement for which labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished.
440	(2) Any person who fails to provide [this] the preliminary notice required by
441	Subsection (1) may not make a payment bond claim under this chapter.
442	(3) The preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) must be provided prior to
443	commencement of any action on the payment bond."
444	(3) Section 63-56-38.1, effective May 1, 2005, shall read:
445	"63-56-38.1. Preliminary notice requirement.
446	[Except subcontractors who are in privity of contract with a payment bond principal or
447	except for persons performing labor for wages, any]
448	(1) Any person furnishing labor, service, equipment, or material for which a payment
449	bond claim may be made under this chapter shall provide preliminary notice to the [payment
450	bond principal] designated agent as prescribed by Section [38-1-27.] 38-1-32, except that this
451	section does not apply:
452	(a) to a person performing labor for wages; or
453	(b) if a notice of commencement is not filed as prescribed in Section 38-1-31 for the
454	project or improvement for which labor, service, equipment, or material is furnished.
455	(2) Any person who fails to provide [this] the preliminary notice required by
456	Subsection (1) may not make a payment bond claim under this chapter.
457	(3) The preliminary notice required by Subsection (1) must be provided prior to
458	commencement of any action on the payment bond."
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